GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

BE - SEMESTER-VI (NEW) EXAMINATION - WINTER 2023

Subject Code:3161903 Subject Name: Computer Aided Design Time:02:30 PM TO 05:00 PM

Total Marks:70

Date:05-12-2023

Instructions:

- 1. Attempt all questions.
- 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
- **3.** Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 4. Simple and non-programmable scientific calculators are allowed.

| | | | MARKS |
|-----|------------|--|-------|
| Q.1 | (a) | List various graphics standard used for graphics data exchange in CAD. | 03 |
| | (b) | Compare conventional design with Computer Aided Design. | 04 |
| | (c) | What is meant by a scan conversion? Explain Bresenham's line drawing algorithm. | 07 |
| Q.2 | (a) | List the advantages and limitations of surface modeling. | 03 |
| | (b) | Explain analytic curves and synthetic curves with example. | 04 |
| | (c) | Derive general parametric equation for Hermits cubic spline curve in matrix form. | 07 |
| | | OR | |
| | (c) | A cubic spline is represented by the following equation: $P(u) = C_3u^3 + C_2u^2 + C_1u + C_0$ where $0 \le u \le 1$ where C_3, C_2, C_1, C_0 are the polynomial coefficients. Determine the four control points of an identical Bezier curve in terms of these polynomial coefficients. | 07 |
| Q.3 | (a) | Write 2D transformation matrix for Scaling, Rotation and Translation. | 03 |
| | (b) | Explain Projections of geometric models. | 04 |
| | (c) | A Triangle PQR has its vertices at P $(0,0)$, Q $(4,0)$ and R $(2,3)$. It is to be translated by 4 units in X direction, and 2 units in Y direction, then it is to be rotated in anticlockwise direction about the new position of point R through 90 degree. Find the new position of the triangle. | 07 |
| | | OR | |
| Q.3 | (a) | Write engineering application of Finite Element Analysis. | 03 |
| | (b) | Explain homogenous coordinate transformation with its advantages. | 04 |
| | (c) | The end points of a line are $(2, 3)$ and $(10, 8)$. Find the intermediate raster locations of the line using DDA algorithm. | 07 |
| Q.4 | (a) | State the difference between Plane truss and Space truss. | 03 |
| | (b) | Write step by step general procedure for FEA. | 04 |

(c) Consider the bar as shown in figure 1 below. find: a) Nodal 07 Displacement, using global stiffness matrix. b) Elemental Stresses.
(c) Support Reaction.



- Q.4 (a) Discuss applications of optimization in engineering. 03
 - (b) Explain Plain Stresses and Plain Strains in FEA.
 - (c) For the Loading as shown in figure 2, with the penalty approach determine the displacements and support reaction. Assume modulus of elasticity as 80 X 10³ N/mm².



| Q.5 | (a) | Explain Penalty approach to solve FEA problem. | 03 |
|-----|------------|---|----|
| | (b) | Discuss the properties of global stiffness matrix. | 04 |
| | (c) | Explain Johnson's method of optimum design with an example | 07 |
| | | OR | |
| Q.5 | (a) | What do you understand by geometry and topology in solid modelling? | 03 |
| | (b) | What do you mean by thermal effects of temperature? How is it included in calculation for 1-D elements? | 04 |
| | (c) | What are different representation schemes for solid models? Compare CSG and B-rep techniques of solid modeling | 07 |

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