GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

BE - SEMESTER-VI(NEW) EXAMINATION - WINTER 2022 Subject Code:3160616 Date:19-12-2022 Subject Name: Foundation Engineering Time:02:30 PM TO 05:00 PM **Total Marks:70** Instructions: 1. Attempt all questions. 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary. 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks. 4. Simple and non-programmable scientific calculators are allowed. Marks Q.1 (a) Explain about reconnaissance survey. 03 (b) Describe the split spoon sampler. What is its use? 04 (c) What are the methods available for sub-surface exploration? Explain any 07 one in detail. 03 Q.2 (a) Define the terms for sampler. (i) Inside clearance (ii) Outside Clearance (ii) (iii) Area Ratio (b) Differentiate between general shear failure and local shear failure, 04 (c) Discuss the Dynamic cone penetration test. What are its limitations? 07 OR (c) List various methods of flexible pavement design and explain CBR 07 method. (a) Explain: floating foundation 0.3 03 04 (b) Discuss the merits and demerits of plate load test. A strip footing 1.5m wide, rest on the surface of a dry cohesionless soil 07 (c) having $\phi = 25^{\circ}$ and $\gamma = 18$ kN/m3. If the water table rises temporarily to the surface due to flooding, calculate the percentage reduction in the ultimate capacity of the soil. Assume $N\gamma = 9.0$. OR Q.3 (a) Write short note on: Negative skin friction. 03 (b) Enlist the situations where pile foundations are preferred. 04 (c) Describe Terzaghi's theory of bearing capacity of foundation soil under 07 strip footing What are the assumptions and its limitations? 03 Q.4 (a) Explain with neat sketch the function of Better pile and Friction pile (b) Explain about efficiency of pile group. 04 (c) A Group of friction pile in clay consists of 12 piles of 500 mm dia. grouped 07 as 4 x 3 spaces at 1m apart. If the undrained shear strength of clay is 7 kN/m2 and pile s are 15m long, estimate the group capacity of pile. Take adhesion factor as 1.0 OR Q.4 (a) Describe behavior of collapsible soils. 03 (b) How do you estimate the group capacity of piles in sand and clay? 04 A RCC pile of 35 kN weight, was driven by a drop hammer weighing 40 07 (c) kN with a effective free fall of 1.0 m. The average settlement per blows is 1.0 cm. the total elastic compression is 1.5 cm. Assuming Coefficient of Restitution as 0.25 and FOS = 2.5. Determine ultimate bearing capacity and allowable load on pile.

Q.5	(a) (b)	Write short note on: CNS layer. Give applications of geosynthetics in roads.	03 04
	(C)	Explain stability checks for gravity retaining wall showing forces acting on it. OR	U7
Q.5	(a)	Explain how free swell index can be measured.	03
-	(b)	Explain anchors used in sheet pile walls.	04
	(c)	Why drainage of the backfill is necessary? Explain different methods of providing drainage of retaining wall?	07
