

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**BE- SEMESTER-III (NEW) EXAMINATION – WINTER 2020****Subject Code:3130005****Date:09/03/2021****Subject Name:Complex Variables and Partial Differential Equations****Time:10:30 AM TO 12:30 PM****Total Marks:56****Instructions:**

1. Attempt any FOUR questions out of EIGHT questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

		Marks
Q.1	(a) Show that the function $u = x^2 - y^2 + x$ is harmonic.	03
	(b) Find the fourth roots of -1 .	04
	(c) (i) Find and sketch the image of the region $ z > 1$ under the transformation $w = 4z$.	03
	(ii) Find the real and imaginary parts of $f(z) = z^2 + 3z$.	04
Q.2	(a) Evaluate $\int_0^{2+i} z^2 dz$ along the line $y = x/2$.	03
	(b) Determine the Mobius transformation that maps $z = 0, 1, \infty$ onto $w = -1, -i, 1$ respectively.	04
	(c) (i) Evaluate $\oint_C \frac{e^{-z}}{z+1} dz$, where C is the circle $ z = 1/2$.	03
	(ii) For which values of z does the series $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{z^n}{n!}$ convergent?	04
Q.3	(a) Evaluate $\oint_C \frac{dz}{z^2}$ where C is a unit circle.	03
	(b) Find the residue $Res(f(z), 2i)$ of the function $f(z) = \frac{z^2 - 2z}{(z+1)^2(z^2 + 4)}$.	04
	(c) Expand $f(z) = \frac{1}{(z+1)(z-2)}$ in Laurent's series in the region (i) $ z < 1$, (ii) $1 < z < 2$, (iii) $ z > 2$.	07
Q.4	(a) Evaluate $\oint_C \frac{5z+7}{z^2+2z-3} dz$, where $C : z-2 = 2$.	03
	(b) Evaluate by using Cauchy's Residue Theorem $\int_C \frac{5z-2}{z(z-1)} dz$, $C : z = 2$.	04
	(c) Find Laurent's series that represent $f(z) = \frac{1}{z(z-1)}$ in the region (i) $0 < z < 1$, (ii) $0 < z-1 < 1$.	07

- Q.5** (a) Solve $xp + yq = x - y$. **03**
 (b) Derive p.d.e. from $z = ax + by + ab$ by eliminating a and b . **04**
 (c) (i) Solve $(D^3 - 4D^2D' + 4DD'^2)z = 0$. **03**
 (ii) Solve $pq = k$, where k is a constant. **04**
- Q.6** (a) Solve $zp + yq = x$. **03**
 (b) Form the p.d.e. by eliminating ϕ from $x + y + z = \phi(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)$. **04**
 (c) (i) Solve $(D^2 + DD' + D' - 1)z = \sin(x + 2y)$. **03**
 (ii) Solve $zpq = p + q$ by Charpit's method. **04**
- Q.7** (a) Solve $\frac{\partial^3 z}{\partial x^3} - 2\frac{\partial^3 z}{\partial x^2 \partial y} = 2e^{2x}$. **03**
 (b) Solve the p.d.e. $u_x = 4u_y$, $u(0, y) = 8e^{-3y}$. **04**
 (c) A string of length l is initially at rest in its equilibrium position and motion is started by giving each of its points a velocity kx for $0 \leq x \leq l/2$ and $k(l-x)$ for $l/2 \leq x \leq l$. Find the displacement $u(x, t)$. **07**
- Q.8** (a) Solve $DD''(D - 2D' - 3)z = 0$. **03**
 (b) Solve the pde $u_{xx} = 16u_{xy}$. **04**
 (c) A bar of length $2m$ is fully insulated along its sides. It is initially at a uniform temperature of $10^\circ C$ and at $t = 0$ the ends are plunged into ice and maintained at a temperature of $0^\circ C$. Determine an expression for the temperature at a point P at a distance x from one end at any subsequent time t seconds after $t = 0$. **07**
