GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY BE- SEMESTER-I & II(NEW) EXAMINATION - SUMMER 2023 Subject Code:3110002 Date:02-08-2023 Subject Name: English Time:10:30 AM TO 01:00 PM **Total Marks:70 Instructions:** 1. Attempt all questions. 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary. 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks. Simple and non-programmable scientific calculators are allowed. 4. Marks **Q.1** Explain the following words. 03 (a) 1) Pole, poll 2) Loose, Lose 3) Principal, Principle (1) Put appropriate prefix for the following words: **(b)** 04 1. _____tension: abnormally high blood pressure 2. technology: relating to very small structures (2) Put appropriate suffix for the following words: 1. Member 2. Discover (3) Write antonyms for the following words. 1. Ancient 2. Lazy (4) Write synonyms for the following words. 1. Start 2. Journey Do as directed. 07 **(c)** 1. $/ ti:tf_{\Theta}(r)/$ is the phonetic transcription of the word . (teacher, pitcher, trucker) 2. The correct phonetic transcription of 'sip' is . (/sip/, /ʃiːp/, /tʃiːp/) 3. There are _____ speech sounds in English language. (44,24,20) 4. $\theta/$ represents _____ sound in pronunciation. 5. The full form of IPA is ______. 6. /bitv n/ (e,i:,u). 7. /g = v / is the phonetic transcription of the word (cow, go, gauche) Q.2 Write a brief note on the importance of punctuation marks in writing. 03 (a) **(b)** What are the principles of writing good paragraph? Discuss in brief. 04 Write paragraph of about 150 words on any one the following topics. 07 (c) 1. City life v/s village life 2. The youth of India OR Write paragraph of about 150 words on any one the following topics. 07 **(c)** 1. Both parents should assume equal responsibility in raising a child. 2. An inspiring incident Q.3 Do as directed. 03 **(a)** 1. A few people _____ (like/likes) to do extra work. 2. 'Do come in time!' convert the sentence into indirect speech. 3. ______ is Sardar Statue located? (Why, What, Where) 04 **(b)** Do as directed. 1. The scientists have presented a detailed _____ (analyst, analytic, analysis). 2. The boy lost _____ (his, him, hims) bag. 3. Is the train (on, at, in) time?

- 4. Do you need______ (further, farther, father) help?
- (1) Use the following words at proper places. (c)
 - 1. She enjoys eating fast food. (really)
 - 2. Have you been to Himachal Pradesh? (ever)
 - 3. His health improved. (slightly)
 - 4. He changed his attitude. (rarely)

(2) Use proper prepositions.

- 5. _____ the year, I have spoken to her five times. ((in, during, throughout)
- 6. She is ______ a doubt, the best student in the class. (without, outside, about)
- 7. You shouldn't pick him just because he's different. (on, to, with)

OR

Q.3	(a)	What are the common errors that people generally make while writing?	03
	(b)	How to write a good introduction and conclusion of any paragraph?	04
	(c)	Enlist different modal auxiliaries with examples.	07

Q.4	(a)	Enlist the things to keep in mind while doing précis writing.	03
	(b)	Discuss the components of letter writing in brief.	04
	(c)	What is the difference between a letter and a memo?	07

OR

- As a member of your residential society, write an email to inspector of local 03 0.4 **(a)** Police station, Mr.Sharma, informing him about miscreants who ride their bikes rashly every evening outside your society.
 - **(b)** Make précis of the following paragraph and give a suitable title to it. 04

When we survey our lives and efforts we soon observe that almost the whole of our actions and desires are bound up with the existence of other human beings. We notice that whole nature resembles that of the social animals. We eat food that others have produced, wear clothes that others have made, live in houses that others have built. The greater part of our knowledge and beliefs has been passed on to us by other people though the medium of a language which others have created. Without language and mental capacities, we would have been poor indeed comparable to higher animals.

We have, therefore, to admit that we owe our principal knowledge over the least to the fact of living in human society. The individual if left alone from birth would remain primitive and beast like in his thoughts and feelings to a degree that we can hardly imagine. The individual is what he is and has the significance that he has, not much in virtue of the individuality, but rather as a member of a great human community, which directs his material and spiritual existence from the cradle to grave.

- You have purchased a digital camera. But the camera turned out to be faulty. (c) 07 You requested the shopkeeper to replace, but the shopkeeper did not pay any heed. Write a complaint to the Director of the camera company to take necessary steps to do justice. 03
- Write a brief note on the do's and dont's of email writing. Q.5 **(a)**
 - Write short notes on: Describing and Defining styles of writing. **(b)**
 - Read the following paragraph answer the questions and give a suitable title to (c) 07 it.

04

07

A sanctuary may be defined as a place where Man is passive and the rest of Nature active. Till quite recently Nature had her own sanctuaries, where man either did not go at all or only as a tool-using animal in comparatively small numbers. But now, in this machinery age, there is no place left where man cannot go with overwhelming forces at his command. He can strangle to death all the nobler wild life in the world to-day. To-morrow he certainly will have done so, unless he exercises due foresight and self-control in the meantime.

There is not the slightest doubt that birds and mammals are now being killed off much faster than they can breed. And it is always the largest and noblest forms of life that suffer most. The whales and elephants, lions and eagles, go. The rats and flies, and all mean parasites, remain. This is inevitable in certain cases. But it is wanton killing off that I am speaking of to-night. Civilized man begins by destroying the very forms of wild life he learns to appreciate most when he becomes still more civilized. The obvious remedy is to begin conservation at an earlier stage, when it is easier and better in every way, by enforcing laws for close seasons, game preserves, the selective protection of certain species, and sanctuaries.

I have just defined a sanctuary as a place where man is passive and the rest of Nature active. But this general definition is too absolute for any special case. The mere fact that man has to protect a sanctuary does away with his purely passive attitude. Then, he can be beneficially active by destroying pests and parasites, like bot-flies or mosquitoes, and by finding antidotes for diseases like the epidemic which periodically kills off the rabbits and thus starves many of the carnivore to death. But, except in cases where experiment has proved his intervention to be beneficial, the less he upsets the balance of Nature the better, even when he tries to be an earthly Providence.

Q.1. The author implies that his first definition of a sanctuary is

A. Totally wrong

B. Somewhat idealistic

C. unhelpful

D. indefensible

E. immutable

Your Answer Options: 1. A 2.B 3.C 4.D 5.E

Q.2. The author's argument that destroying bot-flies and mosquitoes would be a beneficial action is most weakened by all of the following except A. parasites have an important role to play in the regulation of populations B. the elimination of any species can have unpredictable effects on the balance of nature

C. the pests themselves are part of the food chain

D. these insects have been introduced to the area by human activities E. elimination of these insects would require the use of insecticides that kill a wide range of insects

Your Answer Options 1.B 2.C&D 3.A 4.D 5.E

Q.3. It can be inferred that the passage is A. part of an article in a scientific journal

B. extracted from the minutes of a nature clu	b
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C. part of a speech delivered to an educated audience

D. a speech delivered in a court of law

E. from a polemical article published in a magazine

Your Answer Options: 1.D&E 2.A 3.C 4.B 5.D

Q.4. What should be the most appropriate central idea of this passage A. Author argues that man kills big animals but saves mosquitoes & other parasites.

B. Man is selfish by nature so he is up against the wild life which is harmful for his survival

C. Ecological balance, if not maintained by man will be harmful in long run. D. Author proposes a programme for not disturbing the balance of nature as it is beneficial for mankind.

E. In view of the author man should not intervene in natural environments.

Your Answer Options 1.A 2.D 3.C 4.E 5.B

Q.5 – Tone of the Author as expressed in the passage can be best described A. Descriptive to analytical

B. Sarcastically humorous

C. Objective to narrative

D. Sarcastically critical to suggestive

E. Ironically sarcastic to negative

Your Answer Options 1. B&C 2.A 3.D 4.E 5.C

OR

Q.5 Write full forms of the following abbreviations. **(a)**

- 1. Assoc.
- 2. Libr.
- 3. Lect.
- Write a brief note on the importance of 'coherence' while writing a 04 **(b)** paragraph. 07

Correct the following sentences by using proper articles. (c)

- 1. We live in village.
- 2. The Paris is big city.
- 3. The gold is yellow.
- 4. We will help you make the lunch.
- 5. Sun rises in east.
- 6. She has beautiful you.
- 7. ______ is the capital of China. (Beijing/The Beijing)

03